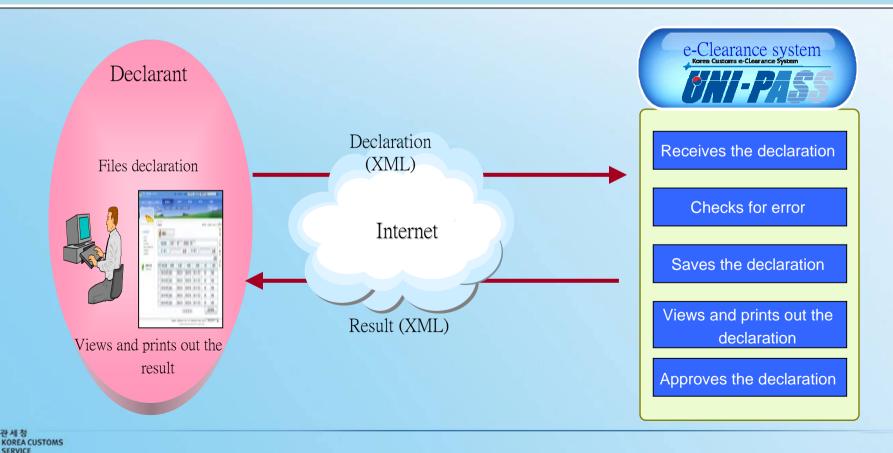
#### 1. e-Clearance system

## 1-7. User option (1)

#### Web-based data entry

- The declarant files declaration and views the results very easily through web browser.
- Prerequisites are simple (only PC, Internet connection, and user certification), thus suitable for SMEs with small number of filings.

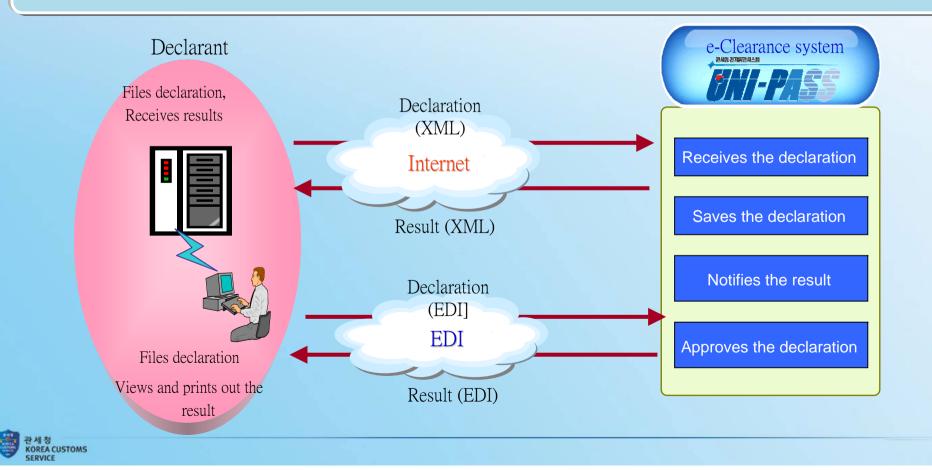


#### 1. e-Clearance system

# **1-7. User option (2)**

#### **Batch transmission**

- Declaration form is prepared within the declarant's own system, and multiple filings are
- transmitted in a batch to the e-clearance system.



2

# Risk management system

2-1. Advance Passenger Info system (APIS)

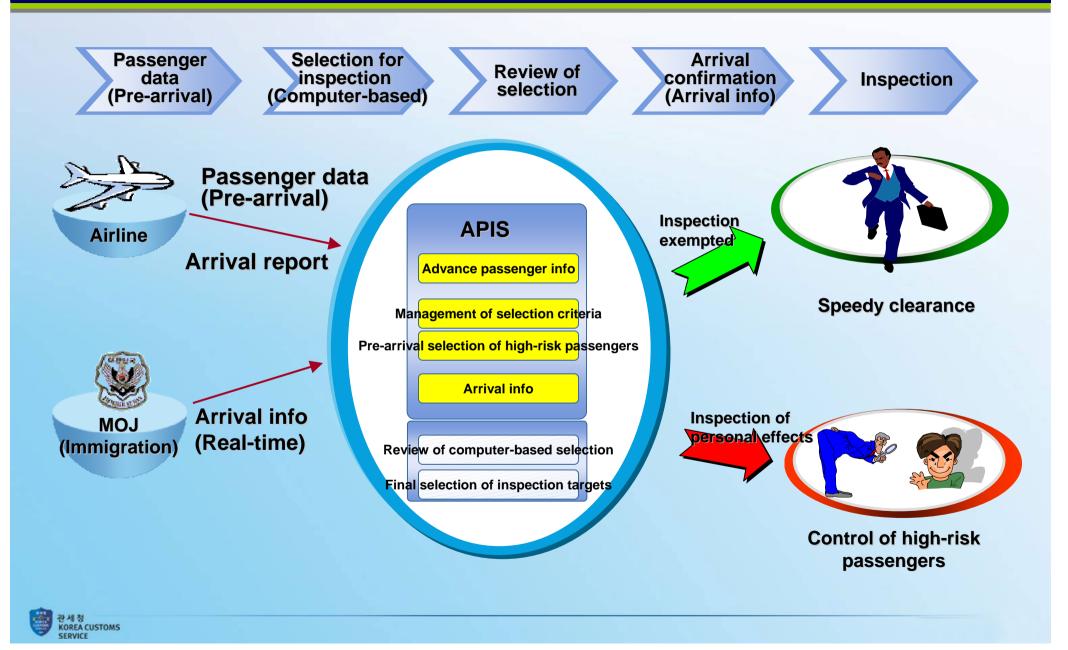
2-2. Customs Data Warehouse (CDW)

2-3. Post audit system



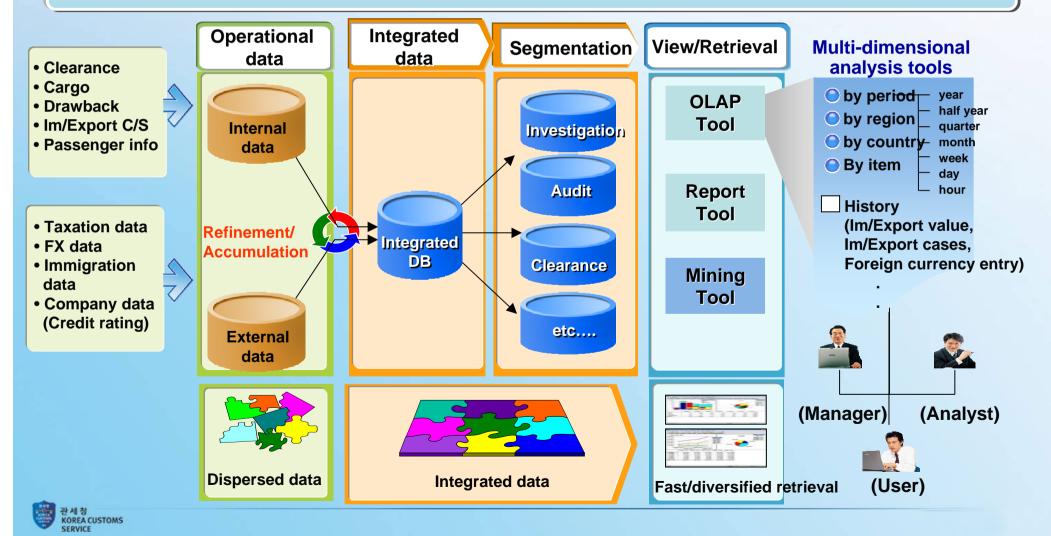
## 2-1. Advance Passenger Info System (APIS)

#### 2. Risk management system



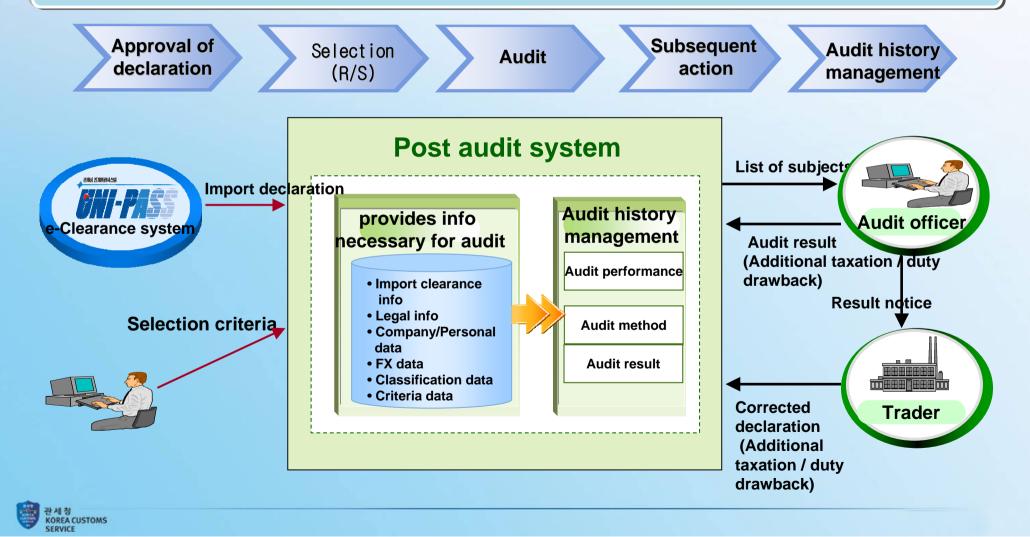
## 2-2. Customs Data Warehouse (CDW)

- An integrated database where data, scattered within the operation system, are put together and arranged in a way that they can be easily retrieved and utilized.
- Convenient data retrieval environment for efficient use of information (by using OLAP Tool)



### 2-3. Post audit system

Selects subjects of post-clearance audit at a certain ratio under prescribed selection criteria
Propriety of the selected declaration is examined by a Customs officer, and the accuracy of the audit is recorded as the individual officer's performance.



3

# Knowledge management system

3-1. Customs Knowledge Management System (CKM)

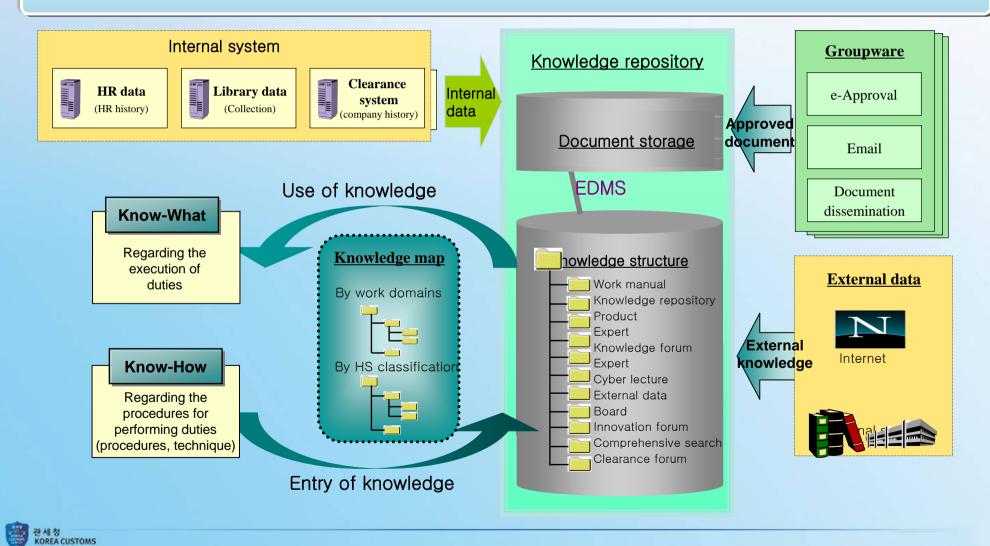
## 3-2. e-Approval system



## Customs Knowledge Management System (CKM)

### 3. Knowledge management system

Organized accumulation and sharing of individual officers' knowledge and experience, allowing higher efficiency



## 3-2. e-Approval system

3. Knowledge management system

electronic processing of document production, dissemination, and management

⇒ realizing Paperless office environment

