

ASEAN – HONG KONG, CHINA FREE TRADE AGREEMENT

Specific Commitments¹ of ASEAN Member States (AMS) on Other Services Not Included Elsewhere

Modes of supply²: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Brunei Darussalam	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

¹ As extracted from the Schedules of Specific Commitments of ASEAN Member States. The full schedules can be found in Trade and Industry Department's website at http://www.tid.gov.hk/english/ita/fta/hkasean/text_agreement.html.

² See explanatory note at Annex.

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Cambodia	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Indonesia	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Laos PDR	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Malaysia	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Myanmar	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
The Philippines	ENERGY SERVICES		
	<p>Services Related to Power Generation</p> <p>Construction and operation of power plants <i>(as provided under the BOT scheme)</i></p> <p>Construction of Power Plants</p>	<p>1) Unbound*</p> <p>2) None</p> <p>3) Up to 100 percent foreign equity is allowed under the BOT scheme. However, a Special Contractor's License is required to undertake construction activities.</p> <p>4) Unbound</p>	<p>1) Unbound*</p> <p>2) None</p> <p>3) A Contractor's License (Regular or Special) issued by the PCAB is required to undertake construction activities. The Regular Contractor's License is reserved for, and issued only to, Filipino sole proprietorships or partnerships/corporations with at least 60 percent Filipino equity and duly organized and existing under and by virtue of Philippine laws. A Special Contractor's License may be given to foreign companies on a project-to-project basis such as BOT.</p> <p>4) Unbound</p>

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
	Operation of Power Plant	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None, except electric cooperative operation is limited to Filipinos. 4) Unbound	1) Unbound 2) None 3) None 4) Unbound
	Services Related to the Supply of Energy Oil Refinery	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) Initial Public Offering (IPO) for 10 percent of common stock on commencement of refinery operation. 4) Unbound	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None 4) Unbound
	1. Oil Terminals/Depots	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None 4) Unbound	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None 4) Unbound
Unbound*: means unbound due to lack of technical feasibility.			

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Singapore	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Thailand	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

AMS	Sector or Sub-sector	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment
Viet Nam	No commitment	Not applicable	Not applicable

- End -

EXPLANATIONS OF THE FOUR MODES OF SUPPLY FOR TRADE IN SERVICES

Cross Border Supply (Mode 1)

The cross border mode of supply refers to the supply of service from the area of an FTA party into the area of the other FTA party. If Party A of an FTA makes commitment in respect of Mode 1, a service supplier of the other Party of the FTA (i.e. Party B) can supply the service within the area of Party B to service consumers in the area of Party A, without being physically present in the area of Party A. An example is the supply of consultancy service through telecommunications, fax or mail etc.

Consumption Abroad (Mode 2)

The consumption abroad mode of supply refers to the supply of service in the area of an FTA party to the service consumer of the other FTA party. If Party A of an FTA makes commitment in respect of Mode 2, a service supplier of Party B can, within the area of Party B, provide the service to consumers of Party A who are present in the area of Party B. An example is the supply of hotel services.

Commercial Presence (Mode 3)

The commercial presence mode of supply refers to the supply of service by a service supplier of an FTA party, through commercial presence in the area of the other FTA party. If Party A of an FTA makes commitment in respect of Mode 3, a service supplier of Party B can provide the service within the area of Party A through commercial presence in the area of Party A. This covers the presence of juridical persons (e.g. corporations, joint ventures, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust, association) as well as representative offices, branches etc.

Movement of Natural Person (Mode 4)

The movement of natural person mode of supply refers to the supply of service by a service supplier of an FTA party, through the presence of their natural persons in the area of the other FTA party. If Party A of an FTA makes commitment in respect of Mode 4, a service supplier of Party B can provide the service within the area of Party A through the presence of natural persons of Party B. This covers natural persons who are themselves service suppliers, as well as natural persons who are employees of service suppliers (e.g. accountants of accounting firms).